

KEY FINANCIAL INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

- Wells Fargo Bank, National Association is organized under the laws of the USA with limited liability.
- To comply with the Banking (Disclosure) Rules, the Bank has set up a 'Hong Kong Branch Disclosures" section on its website (https://global.wf.com/disclosures/) to house the information related to "Financial Disclosure Statement" as required by the Banking (Disclosure) Rules.
- The Statement is displayed in the banking hall of the Wells Fargo Bank N.A. Hong Kong Branch at the following addresses:

27/F., Three Pacific Place, 1 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong

- A copy of the Statement has been lodged with the public registry of the Hong Kong Monetary Authority for public inspection.
- For any enquiry on the Statement, please contact Mr. Jeff Lee (APAC Chief Financial Officer) at +852 3856 0870.



Key Financial Information Disclosure Statement

2022 Interim Results



Wells Fargo Bank N.A. Hong Kong Branch



Key Financial Information Disclosure Statement for the six months ended 30 June 2022 prepared in accordance with Banking (Disclosure) Rules.

Section A - Branch Information

Unaudited Profit and loss information

Ulla	idulted Profit and 1055 information		
		Six months ended 30 Jun 2022	Six months ended 30 Jun 2021
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
(i)	Interest income	57,561	47,291
(ii)	Interest expense	(38,626)	(9,004)
	Net interest income	18,935	38,287
(iii)	Non-interest income		
	 Gains less losses arising from trading in foreign currencies Gains less losses arising from non-trading activities in foreign 	-	
	currencies - Gains less losses from the disposal of property, plant and	(283)	558
	equipment	(383)	(459)
	- Net Income from fees and commission	31,726	52,275
	- Others	625,571	658,147
	Total non-interest income	656,631	710,521
	Total income	675,566	748,808
(iv)	Operating expenses		
	- Staff expenses	(288,324)	(399,483)
	- Rental expenses	(50,644)	(49,506)
	- Other expenses	(308,796)	(280,481)
(v)	Recovery and write back of impaired assets	-	
	Total expenses and other charges	(647,764)	(729,470)
	Profit before taxation	27,802	19,338
(vi)	Taxation provision	(6,541)	(3,351)
	Profit after taxation	21,261	15,987



JIId	udited Balance sheet information	20.7 2000	D4 D - 000
		30 Jun 2022 HK\$'000	31 Dec 2021 HK\$'000
Asse	ets	τικφ σσσ	τικφ σσσ
(i)	Cash and balances with banks	5,605,445	92,279
16/63 16/63	(except those included in amount due from overseas offices)	- 50	
(ii)	Advances to banks maturing between one and twelve months		×-
	(except those included in amount due from overseas offices)		
iii)	Placements with banks maturing between one and twelve months	8,669,831	-
	(except those included in amount due from overseas offices)		
(iv)	Due from Exchange Fund	849	852
(v)	Amount due from overseas offices	797,905	1,126,809
vi)	Trade bills	2,975,488	2,642,247
vii)	Loans and receivables		
	- Loans and advances to customers	52,444	2,280,574
	- Accrued interest and other accounts	215,712	162,954
	- Impairment allowances for impaired assets	-	-
iii)	Property, plant and equipment and investment properties	150,593	185,471
	Total assets	18,468,267	6,491,186
iab	ilities		
(i)	Deposits and balances from banks	-	-
	(except those included in amount due to overseas offices)		
(ii)	Due to Exchange Fund		-
iii)	Deposits from customers		
	- Demand deposits and current accounts		-
	- Savings deposits	=	=
	- Time, call and notice deposits	-	-
v)	Amount due to overseas offices	17,541,633	5,451,312
v)	Other liabilities	926,634	1,039,874
	Total liabilities	18,468,267	6,491,186



Hong Kong Branch

Wells Fargo Bank N.A. Hong Kong Branch

Review of Activities

Wells Fargo Bank N.A. - Hong Kong Branch ("the Branch") is a branch of Wells Fargo Bank N.A. ("the Head Office").

The major business of the Branch is to serve financial institutions and corporate customers with loans, deposits and trade related product and services. The Branch, as the regional hub, supports Wells Fargo customers across Asia.

During the six months ended 30 Jun 2022, the Branch generated total income HK\$675.6 million in 2022, decreased 9.8% from 2021. Net interest income decreased 50.5% to HK\$18.9 million and non-interest income decreased 7.6% to HK\$656.6 million. Total expenses dropped 11.2% to HK\$647.8 million was due to lower in staff expenses (down 27.8%).

Total assets excluding inter-group balances were at HK\$17.7 billion as of 30 Jun 2022. Total liabilities excluding inter-group balances were at HK\$0.9 billion as of 30 Jun 2022. Gross advances to customers were HK\$0.05 billion, decreased 97.7% from 31 Dec 2021. There were no customer deposits as of 30 Jun 2022 and 31 Dec 2021.

The Branch's overall liquidity position remains good. Average liquidity maintenance ratio was 3,997.19% for the quarter ended 30 Jun 2022 compared to 2,066.51% for the quarter ended 31 Mar 2022, 705.48% for quarter ended 30 Jun 2021.

The Branch's financial position reflects significant investments in local resources to help strengthen overall internal controls and to effectively manage risks.



Hong Kong Branch

III. Additional balance sheet information

1. Gross advances to customers

	Collateral value 30 Jun 2022 HK\$'000	Gross advances (30 Jun 2022 HK\$'000	Collateral value 31 Dec 2021 HK\$'000	Gross advances 31 Dec 2021 HK\$'000
Analysed by industry:				
Loans for use in Hong Kong				
Industrial, commercial and financialIndividualsLoans for the purchase of other			-	
residential properties	-	-	=	ĕ
Trade finance		52,444	-	2,280,574
Loans for use outside Hong Kong		100 100 100		
Total advances to customers		52,444	¥	2,280,574
Analysed by geographical segments:		Gross advanc 30 Jun 202 HK\$'00	22	Gross advances 31 Dec 2021 HK\$'000
- U.S.A.		52,44	14	2,280,574
Total advances to customers		52,44	14	2,280,574

The above analysis of gross advances to customers by geographical segments is based on the location of the customers and transfer of risk has been taken account of. In general, risk transfer is made when the advances are guaranteed by a party in a country which is different from that of the customer.

2.	Gross advances to banks	Gross advances	Gross advances
		30 Jun 2022	31 Dec 2021
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	Gross advances to hanks		

There were no advances to other financial institutions as at 30 Jun 2022 (31 Dec 2021: Nil). There was no individual impairment allowances and suspended interest as at 30 Jun 2022 (31 Dec 2021: Nil).



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III. Additional balance sheet information (continued)

3. International claims

		Non-Bank p	rivate sector		
Banks	Official Sector	Non-bank financial institutions	Non-financial private sector	Others	Total
10,329	-	-	-	_	10,329
2,266	-	-	-	-	2,266
7,749	-	-	-	¥	7,749
2,782	_		-9	-	2,782
2,777	-		-	-	2,777
39	-	-	3	_	42
: -	•	-	3	-	3
2,204			=:	-	2,204
1,781		-	-) -	1,781
54	- 5	-		34	54
32	-	-	3 7	74	32
31			- /r	-	31
104	- <u>- 18</u>	-	2,341	-	2,445
45	-	-	2,341		2,386
	10,329 2,266 7,749 2,782 2,777 39 - 2,204 1,781 54 32 31 104	10,329 - 2,266 - 7,749 - 2,782 - 2,777 - 39 2,204 - 1,781 - 54 - 32 - 31 - 104 -	Non-bank financial institutions 10,329	Banks Official Sector financial institutions private sector 10,329 - - - 2,266 - - - 7,749 - - - 2,782 - - - 39 - - 3 - - - 3 2,204 - - - 1,781 - - - 54 - - - 32 - - - 31 - - - 104 - - 2,341	Banks Official Sector Non-bank financial institutions Non-financial private sector Others 10,329 -

International claims which constitute not less than 10% of total international claims are disclosed above based on the physical location of the counterparty after taking into account the transfer of risks. In general, risk transfer is made when claims are guaranteed by a party in a country which is different from that of the counterparty or when the claims are on an overseas branch of a bank whose head office is located in another country.

4. Impairment allowances for impaired assets were as follows:

The collective impairment allowances are centrally done on a global basis by Head Office based on an assessment of the degree of credit risk inherent in Hong Kong Branch's overall portfolio of loans and advances and other exposures.

Individual impairment allowance for impaired assets is made against loans and advances or other exposures as and when they are considered necessary by the management.

There were no collective impairment allowances and individual impairment allowances as at 30 Jun 2022 (31 Dec 2021: Nil).

- Individual impaired loans are those advances where full repayments of principal and / or interest are considered unlikely. Loans are impaired if there is objective evidence of impairment, as at 30 Jun 2022 was Nil (31 Dec 2021: Nil).
- 6. There were no overdue advances to customers as at 30 Jun 2022 (31 Dec 2021: Nil).
- There were no rescheduled advances to customers, banks and other financial institutions as at 30 Jun 2022 (31 Dec 2021: Nil).



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- 8. There were no advances to banks which have been overdue for more than 3 months as at 30 Jun 2022 (31 Dec 2021: Nil). No other overdue advances to other financial institutions as at 30 Jun 2022 (31 Dec 2021: Nil).
- 9. There were no repossessed assets held as at 30 Jun 2022 (31 Dec 2021: Nil).

III. Additional balance sheet information (continued)

10. Non-bank Mainland China Exposures:

		30 Jun 2022		3	1 Dec 2021	
Types of Counterparties	sheet exposures	exposures	Total Exposures HK\$ million	On-balance sheet exposures HK\$ million	Off-balance sheet exposures HK\$ million	Total Exposures HK\$ million
PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where the credit is granted for use in Mainland China	52	461	513	2,001	267	2,268
Total	52	461	513	2,001	267	2,268
Total assets after provision	18,468			6,491		
On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	0.28%			30.83%		

11. Foreign currency risk exposures

The net position in a particular foreign currency is disclosed below if the net position (in absolute terms) constitutes 10% or more of the total net position in all foreign currencies.

	30 Jun 2022 HK\$ million	31 Dec 2021 HK\$ million
Currency	USD	USD
Spot assets	18,260	6,244
Spot liabilities	(18,219)	(6,154)
Forward purchases	81	140
Forward sales	(110)	(270)
Net long / (short) position	12	(40)

There was no structural and net option position as at 30 Jun 2022 (at 31 Dec 2021: Nil).

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IV. Unaudited Off-balance sheet information

(i) Contingent liabilities and commitments

The following is a summary of the contractual / notional amounts of each significant class of contingent liabilities and commitments:

	30 Jun 2022 HK\$'000	31 Dec 2021 HK\$'000
Direct credit substitutes	-	18,409
Trade-related contingencies	964,007	798,952
Other commitments		
- one year or less or unconditionally cancellable	338,995	600,524
Total	1,303,002	1,417,885

The above amounts represent a worst case scenario of credit risk exposures arising from these instruments, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements attached. The amounts do not represent amounts at risk at the balance sheet dates.

(ii) Derivatives

The contractual / notional amounts of derivative financial instruments are disclosed as follows:

	30 Jun 2022 HK\$'000	31 Dec 2021 HK\$'000
Exchange rate contracts	190,567	409,610
Interest rate contracts	÷	-
Others		-
Total	190,567	409,610

The total fair value of the above reported instruments obtained by marking to market was HK\$1.10 million (positive value) as at 30 Jun 2022 (31 Dec 2021: HK\$2.49 million (positive value)). The Branch does not enter into any bilateral arrangement for these contracts. The contractual amounts of these instruments indicate the volume of transactions outstanding at the balance sheet date; they do not represent amounts at risk.

V. Liquidity information

1. Liquidity maintenance ratio

The average liquidity maintenance ratio is the simple average of each calendar month's average liquidity maintenance ratio calculated in accordance with the Banking (Liquidity) Rules (Rule 48) made by the Monetary Authority under section 97H of the Banking Ordinance.

	Quarter Ended	Quarter Ended	Quarter Ended
	30 Jun 2022 %	31 Mar 2022 %	30 Jun 2021 %
Average LMD			
Average LMR	3997.19	2066.51	705.48



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V. Liquidity information (Continued)

2. Approach to liquidity risk management

"Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., Hong Kong Branch ("the Branch") has primary responsibility for ensuring it is able to meet all on and off-balance sheet obligations as they mature without incurring excessive cost, while continuing to fund its assets and growth therein. The Branch is required to comply with the liquidity regime prescribed by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority ("the HKMA") and to meet the HKMA's requirements as outlined in the Supervisory Policy Manuals LM-1 "Regulatory Framework for Supervision of Liquidity Risk" and LM-2 "Sound Systems and Controls for Liquidity Risk Management" ("Requirements"). The Corporate Governance Groups of the Branch has the responsibility to ensure that the liquidity risk management policies and practices of the Branch are in accordance with its globally coordinated, centralized approach to liquidity risk management.

The Branch's liquidity management policy ("the Policy") is reviewed and approved by APAC Regional Asset and Liability Committee ("APAC ALCO") and Hong Kong Branch Management and Control Committee ("HKMCC") on an annual basis. However, it is likely that the Policy will evolve on a more frequent basis as business activity changes in response to stress test outputs or a changing regulatory environment.

Prudent liquidity planning and management are crucial to maintaining a sound balance sheet and stable earnings at an acceptable level as well as withstanding the stresses resulting from an internal problem or crisis in the marketplace.

Proper liquidity management requires an organizational structure with clearly defined segregation of roles and responsibilities. The Multi-Currency Treasury group in APAC ("MCT APAC") formulates the funding strategy, manages the liquidity and funding needs, the interest rate risk and the mismatched FX exposure of the banking book of the Branch. The APAC ALCO, HKMCC and Independent Risk Management provide oversight and credible challenge of MCT APAC's risk management strategies and assumptions. MCT APAC reports and discusses liquidity strategies, issues and risks with APAC ALCO and HKMCC in their regular meetings.

Liquidity limits are established to ensure that the Branch maintains appropriate liquidity under both normal and stressed conditions. Liquidity risk reports on the liquidity maintenance ratio ("LMR") and the cash balance overview are produced daily. The monthly liquidity stress testing is to measure the LMR and the minimum cash balance within 3 months under idiosyncratic, market-wide and combined stress scenarios. The stress testing results are reported to APAC ALCO and HKMCC. Proper escalation and notification processes to report breach of any liquidity limits to HK Branch Crisis Management Team, APAC ALCO and HKMCC are established. MCT APAC is required to take corrective actions immediately. As it is crucial to the Branch's viability to maintain appropriate liquidity, a contingency funding plan (CFP) and a recovery plan (RCP) are in place to address liquidity needs under idiosyncratic, market-wide, and/or combined stress events.

The CFP includes procedures for monitoring emerging liquidity events, a governance framework and management process, and potential mitigating actions which the Branch could undertake, it is regularly tested for effectiveness and operational feasibility under times of stress. The RCP is submitted to the HKMA every two years, or sooner if there are any material changes. The RCP provides a framework whereby the Branch can timely identify events and circumstances that could lead to financial distress and that, if uncorrected, could ultimately result in the Branch's failure. As these situations are monitored, the RCP identifies trigger points at which the Branch leadership must consider whether to implement recovery options. These recovery options are designed to counteract the effects of the identified events or circumstances and to strengthen the Branch's financial profile. The RCP states how to evaluate options, including feasibility and speed of execution, as well as the resulting impact on the Branch, Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. ("WFBNA"), and other WFBNA branches. This RCP also establishes responsibilities for monitoring the financial health of the Branch, monitoring the triggers that lead to potentially implementing recovery options, determining the manner of communicating those options both internally and externally, making decisions associated with selecting recovery options, and executing the selected options. It also addresses who communicates with the HKMA and relevant stakeholders within the Branch, WFBNA, and Wells Fargo & Company. The recovery options include borrowing from WFBNA, extending maturities from WFBNA and rolling off loans and reducing/ceasing lending to other branches. These are the main liquidity risk mitigation techniques for the Branch.

The Branch has two source of liquidity to meet its funding. The primary source is intra-group funding from Head Office. The Branch may also sources liquidity directly from customers who have a need to place their cash with a secure financial institution. This deposit taking activity serves as an advance warning indicator as to the health of both the wholesale money market and of the Branch's standing and perceived financial strength from time to time."



3. Contractual maturity profile

The table below analyses assets and liabilities based on the remaining period as at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity dates:

			Over 1	Over 3			
		Less	month	months			
		than 1	up to 3	up to 1	Over 1		
In HK\$ millions	Next day	month	months	year	year	Undated	Total
30 Jun 2022							
Assets							
- Due from Banks	1,066	4,783	7,361	1,898	-	-	15,108
Trade billsLoans and advances to	3	369	1,520	1,087	:	-	2,979
customers	-		50	2	- 1	(#)	52
- Others	-	145		7	10	166	328
Total assets	1,069	5,297	8,931	2,994	10	166	18,467
Liabilities							
- Due to Exchange Fund	-	-	.	-		-	-
- Due to banks	11		-	17,542	-	-	17,553
- Deposits from customers	-		9	-	-	-	-
- Others		52	67	81	75	22	297
Total Liabilities	11	52	67	17,623	75	22	17,850
Derivatives settled on a gross basis							
- Inflow	-	175	14	2		-	191
- Outflow	-	174	13	2	-	-	189
Contingent and commitments							
 Contingent liabilities 	2	31	22	-		-	55
-Commitments	-	157	-	182	-	-	339
-Contingent claims	-		24		-		-
Net Liquidity Mismatch ⁽⁾ Cumulative Liquidity	1,056	5,058	8,843	(14,811)	(65)		
Mismatch ⁽ⁱ⁾	1,056	6,114	14,957	146	81		



3. Contractual maturity profile *(continued)*

In HK\$ millions	Next day	Less than 1 month	Over 1 month up to 3 months	Over 3 months up to 1 year	Over 1 year	Undated	Total
31 Dec 2021							
Assets							
- Due from Banks	552	28	555	84	_ =	-	1,219
Trade billsLoans and advances to	57	406	1,001	1,179	-	£ - .	2,643
customers	68	1,064	1,018	131	-	-	2,281
- Others	-	122	-	7	10	206	345
Total assets	677	1,620	2,574	1,401	10	206	6,488
Liabilities							
- Due to Exchange Fund		-	-	-		-	-
- Due to banks	1		-	5,451	35	-	5,452
- Deposits from customers	-	-	-	-	-	-	8-1
- Others	_	79	111	138	99	18	445
Total Liabilities	1	79	111	5,589	99	18	5,897
Derivatives settled on a gross basis							
- Inflow	160	144	52	54	-	-	410
- Outflow	160	144	50	53	*	-	407
Contingent and commitments							
- Contingent liabilities	-	4	51		-	-	55
-Commitments	_	=	507	94	341	-	601
-Contingent claims	_		_	-	(e)	-	-
Net Liquidity Mismatch(i)	676	1,537	1,907	(4,281)	(89)		
Cumulative Liquidity Mismatch(i)	676	2,213	4,120	(161)	(250)		

(i) Positive indicates a position of liquidity surplus. Negative indicates a liquidity shortfall that has to be funded.

Sources of funding	As at Jun 30, 2022		As at Dec 31, 2021	
Significant funding instruments	Total Amount HK\$'000	As % of Total Liabilities	Total Amount HK\$'000	As % of Total Liabilities
i) Funding raised from Head office	17,541,633	94.98%	5,451,312	83.98%
ii) Funding raised from deposits from customers	•	-	-	-



Hong Kong Branch

VI. Remuneration

Hong Kong Branch adopts the remuneration policy and practices formulated by Wells Fargo & Company. Please refer to the Proxy Statement of Wells Fargo & Company for details of the Board Compensation, Human Resources Committee and major characteristics of the remuneration system.

Section B – Wells Fargo & Company and Subsidiaries Group information (Consolidated basis)

Amounts reported are expressed in US Dollars (The exchange rate as at 30 Jun 2022 was USD1=HKD7.846, 31 Dec 2021 was USD1=HKD7.796, 30 Jun 2021 was USD1=HKD7.765)

I. Capital and capital adequacy

(i)	Total shareholders' equity	30 Jun 2022 USD (In Million) 179,793	31 Dec 2021 USD (In Million) 190,110
(ii)	Consolidated capital adequacy ratio (Consolidated capital adequacy ratio was computed in accordance with the Basel III Capital Accord. In addition, allowance for market risk has been incorporated in calculating the consolidated capital adequacy ratio)	14.65%	15.84%

II. Other financial information

		30 Jun 2022 USD (In Million)	31 Dec 2021 USD (In Million)
(i)	Total assets	1,881,142	1,948,068
(ii)	Total liabilities	1,701,349	1,757,958
(iii)	Loans (net of allowance for loan losses)	931,873	882,637
(iv)	Deposits from customers	1,425,599	1,482,716
		30 Jun 2022 USD (In Million)	30 Jun 2021 USD (In Million)
(v)	Pre-tax profit for six months ended 30 Jun	8,074	13,779



Hong Kong Branch

Wells Fargo Bank N.A., Hong Kong Branch Chief Executive's Declaration of Compliance

I, Wohlert, Christopher, being Chief Executive of Wells Fargo Bank N.A., Hong Kong branch, declare that the information disclosed in this unaudited statement complies fully with Banking (Disclosure) Rules and Supervisory Policy Manual "Guideline on the application of the Banking (Disclosure) Rules" and is not false or misleading.

Signature:

Date :